Age-related expectations: Year One





Reading words

- Apply phonic knowledge and skills to decode words by responding speedily, matching all 40+ graphemes to their phonemes (Phase 3); where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes (Phase 5).
- 2. Apply phonic knowledge and skills to decode words by reading common words using phonic knowledge accurately, blending sounds in unfamiliar words based on known grapheme-phoneme correspondences.
- Read phonically decodable texts with confidence and accuracy.
- Read common exception words ('tricky words').
- Read words of more than one syllable which contain taught grapheme-phoneme correspondences.
- Read words containing taught grapheme-phoneme correspondences and the following endings: s, es, ing, ed, er,
- Read words with contractions (eg I'm, we'll); understand apostrophe represents omitted letter(s).
- Recognise and use the repetition of words and rhymes to aid reading.
- Re-read to build up fluency.

◆Read accurately and confidently words of 2 or more syllable.
◆Read a number of signs and labels in the environment draw

Finding and understanding facts

- 10. Understand both the books (and other texts) they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen
- Check that the text makes sense to them as they read and correct miscues, re-reading if necessary.
- Talk about the title and the events.
- Re-tell main events.
- Use prior knowledge to understand texts.
- Discuss and clarify word definitions, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.

Aware of mistakes made because reading does not make sense.

Finding and understanding clues

- Make predictions based on the events in the text.
- Begin to draw inferences from the text and / or the illustrations.
- Explain what they understand about a text.

- Understand the difference between fiction and non-fiction.
- Understand and talk about the main characteristics of the key stories known.

Writer's choice of language

Identify narrative language.

Readers' opinions

- Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding.
- Say what they like or dislike about a text.
- Talk about their responses in a group.
- Listen to others' ideas about a text.
- †Tell someone about likes and dislikes related to story they have read or a story they have had read to them.

Context

- Listen to and discuss a range of texts narrative, non-fiction and poems at a level beyond that at which they can read independently.
- Be very familiar with some key stories, including traditional and fairy tales.
- Experience poems and rhymes.
- 29. Link what they read or hear read to their own experiences to support inference and empathy, for example.
- Use context and vocabulary provided to understand texts.

Oral retelling and performance

- Begin to use punctuation to vary pace and expression when reading aloud eg pauses at full stops, asks questions with different intonation.
- Learn some poems and rhymes by heart.
- Retell key stories orally using narrative language.