

# CURRICULUM SUMMARY

Term:

**Spring 2** 

Year Group:

6

**Class Teacher:** 

Mr P Daly

**Mrs K Long** 



Year Group: 6 Term: Spring 2

Subject: English



## Alma (Animation) Broken (Animation)

Final writing	Narrative thriller
Outcome:	Character description
Incidental pieces of writing:	<ul> <li>Response to characters and plot.</li> <li>Diary entry.</li> <li>Interview-hot seating.</li> <li>Setting description and impact of changes to scenery.</li> <li>Interview questions.</li> <li>Thought bubbles/speech bubbles.</li> <li>Picture captions.</li> <li>Re write dialogue between two characters.</li> <li>Character description.</li> <li>Persuasive argument.</li> <li>Predictions.</li> </ul>

	Success Criteria				
Continuous skills					
Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation	<ul> <li>use capital letters, full stops, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contraction mostly correctly</li> <li>use synonyms to avoid repetition</li> </ul>				
Composition	<ul> <li>write for a range of purposes</li> <li>use paragraphs to organise ideas</li> <li>in narratives, describe settings and characters</li> <li>in non-narrative writing, use simple devices to structure the writing and support the reader (e.g. headings, sub-headings, bullet points)</li> </ul>				
Transcription (Spelling)	<ul> <li>spell correctly most words from the year 3 / year 4 spelling list, and some words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list*</li> <li>spell correctly most words from the year 5 / year 6 spelling list,* and use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more ambitious vocabulary</li> </ul>				
Handwriting and presentation	write legibly				

### Focus skills

- In narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere
- Integrate dialogue in narratives to convey character and advance the action
- Using inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech
- Using hyphens to avoid ambiguity.
- Distinguish between the language of speech and writing and choose the appropriate register.
- Use commas, hyphens and brackets for parenthesis.
- Vary sentence structure for effect.
- Use figurative language to enhance descriptive writing E.g. metaphors.
- Use fronted adverbials, relative clauses and relative pronouns to add detail to writing.



## Year Group: 6

Term: Spring 2



## Subject: Mathematics

Week 5 Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Number: Algebra Use simple formulae  Generate and describe linear number sequences.  Express missing number problems algebraically.  Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.  Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.	Measurement Converting Units Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.  Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3dp.  Convert between miles and kilometres.	Area and Vol Recognise the same are different perivice versa.  Recognise wh possible to us area and volu Calculate the parallelogram triangles.  Calculate, est compare volu and cuboids	at shapes with as can have imeters and the it is see formulae for the imee of shapes. It is area of the imate and the imate and the imate and the imate of cubes the image of shapes area of the imate and image of cubes the imate and image of cubes the imate and image of shapes are image.	Number: Rational Solve problem the relative size quantities who values can be using integer of and division far similar shapes scale factor is can be found.  Solve problem unequal sharing grouping using of fractions and	es of two ere missing found by multiplication ects.  Is involving where the known or  Is involving knowledge	Consolidation



Year Group: 6 Term: Spring 2



Subject: Geography

Central America is generally considered part of the continent of North America, but is often referred to as its own region. Central America is a narrow isthmus that is bordered by North America and the Gulf of Mexico to the north and by South America to the south. To the east of Central America is the Atlantic Ocean and the Pacific Ocean is to the west. There are seven countries that are considered part of Central America: Belize, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Panama. The children will also focus on the geography of Central America through their learning of the Maya threaded through their current History topic.

### The Big Question...

#### How did the geography of Central and North America affect the Maya civilisation?

#### Learning Outcomes

- Can I locate the world's countries using maps to focus on Central America?
- Can I locate where the Maya lived?
- Can I compare the physical geography of Mesoamerica and the U.K.?
- Can I find out about the way of life of modern Maya?
- Can I debate and consider a range of theories of why many Maya cities were abandoned in AD 900?
- Can I understand how the reserve at Tikal conserves the rainforest and an archaeological site?

Geography Skills:	Learning skills:		Core Vocabulary:				
Describe and understand key aspects of: Physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle  Human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water  Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night)	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Central America, concentrating on environmental regions, key physical & human characteristics, countries, and major cities  - Use maps, atlases, globes & digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.  - Compare maps with aerial photographs  - Find and recognise places on maps of different scales  - Use 8 figure compasses, begin to use 6 figure grid references.  - Follow a short route on a OS map  - Describe the features shown on an OS map  - Use atlases to find out data about other places  - Use 8 figure compass and 6 figure grid reference accurately  - Use lines of longitude and latitude on		continent, country, city, North America, Central America, Mesoamerica, El Salvador, Belize, Guatemala, Mexico, Chichen Itza, Tikal, climate, human geography, physical geography, biomes, physical features, land use, residential, leisure, aquatic, climate, tribe, civilization, deforestation, overpopulation, terrain				
English links:	maps		Maths links:				
Non-chronological reports, captions, t	•	Interpreting dates on a timeline					
entry, annotating maps, letters,	hot-seating	Number and Place Value – base number of 20, concept o					
Other curriculum links:							
History - compare locations of major world cities in the 1-8th centuries. PE - Devise/play a version of the ball game: Pok-Ta-Pok	Art/DT - Pyramid s - Make cho Science - Astronom	colate	PSHE - considering the needs of others, developing community spirit; Mayan medicine - natural cures.  British Values: democracy, citizenship Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural development; organisation of society, structure of cities.				



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## <u>Subject: Science</u> <u>Living Things and Their Habitats</u>



In this unit, we will be learning to describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird and to describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals. We will also describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including microorganisms, plants and animals and give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics.

<u>Learning Outcomes</u>					
<ul> <li>To be able to describe how some plane.</li> <li>To be able to describe the life cycles.</li> <li>To be able to explain what Jade Good.</li> <li>To be able to compare the life cycles.</li> <li>To be able to compare the life cycles.</li> <li>Working scientifically:</li> <li>Observation over time.</li> <li>Exploration.</li> <li>Illustration.</li> <li>Pattern seeking.</li> <li>Identifying, classifying and grouping.</li> <li>Research using secondary sources.</li> </ul>	ts reproduce. s of different mammals. sall discovered about chimpanzees. of amphibians and insects. of plans, mammals, amphibians, insects and bin  Learning skills:  I can suggest possible and unlikely outcomes or consequences of decisions and actions  I can recognise and explain a problem and hypothesis about solutions  I can speculate about possibilities and think about their consequences  I can find and organise information from a wide range of sources including books and ICT  I can use what I know and what I have experienced to predict and generalise from it and apply this to new situations I can recognise that evaluation requires criteria against which to make judgements and can decide which criteria is important and why I can talk about my strengths and areas	e Pollination Fertilisation Fusion Ovule Pollen Cell Reproduction Asexual Sexual Cuttings Roots Gestation Marsupial Life cycle Endangered Extinct Amphibian Insect Transform			
English links:  Produce a glossary for topic specific words  Written or recorded narration about growth of a baby  Diary entry in role as Jane Goodall	is important and why  I can talk about my strengths and areas for development  I work for the pleasure of learning, creating or doing so in its own right  I can work well in a group and can tell you what helps my group work well together  I can organise and shape a talk, making connections between ideas  Maths  scientific  Comparing and sorting definitions are serviced in the ser	<ul> <li>Insect</li> <li>Transform</li> <li>Larvae</li> <li>Pupa</li> <li>Nymph</li> <li>Egg</li> <li>Embryo</li> <li>Albumen</li> <li>Reproduce</li> </ul>			
Other curriculum links:					
Other curriculum links:					

<u>Computing</u> - Use of technology to research and photograph.

**Gardening** - Planting and harvesting potatoes

<u>Art</u> - Sketching plants/flowers